

To: _____

From: _____

Notice of Demand for Religious Freedom

Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal and Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent

I, _____, one of the People (as seen in the New York State Constitution Bill of Rights as well as all 50 State Constitutions) Sui Juris, in this Court of Record, giving you this Affidavit that you and your agents may provide due care and carefully act to cease and desist from all interference with my rights as one of the People;

New York Constitution Preamble states:

WE THE PEOPLE of the State of New York, grateful to Almighty God for our Freedom, in order to secure its blessings, DO ESTABLISH THIS CONSTITUTION

Please take notice that, from the inception of the State of New York, Almighty God was acknowledged. Please take further note that the People's rights to practice their religion, in its various forms, was established from that point to the present;

New York Constitution Article 1 Section 1 Rights, Privileges and Franchise Secured;

"No member of this state shall be disfranchised, or deprived of any of the rights or privileges secured to any citizen thereof, unless by the law of the land, or the judgment of his or her peers, . . ."

Please note that in relation to the rights of one of the People of the State of New York, or any other of the 50 states, franchise meaning freedom from servitude or restraint and disfranchisement means the removal of rights from one of the People. No member of this state shall be disfranchised; nor may any corporation, functioning in this state, disfranchise any employee without consequences to the status of that corporation within the state;

Please further note that, within the New York State Constitution, there are no provisions for removal of this very first noted basic right of we the People.

New York Constitution Article 1 Section 5 Bail; Fines; Punishments; Detention of Witnesses

"Excessive bail shall not be required nor excessive fines imposed, nor shall cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted, nor shall witnesses be unreasonably detained."

Please note that the requirement of the Constitution is the avoidance of excessive imposition of results based on perceptions of arbitrary definitions of misconduct. No misconduct has or will have occurred. The NBA corporation has attempted to define misconduct as non-compliance with a forced mandate that has no standing in law;

New York Constitution Article 1 Section 8 Freedom of Speech and Press;

"Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his or her sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right; and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press.."

Please note that the Constitution delineates certain rights, speech and press, but implies others, as individual rights maintained within the United States Constitution Bill of Rights Amendment I and Article 4 Section 2;

United State Constitution Amendment I

"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."

United States Constitution Article 4 Section 2

"The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of the Citizens in the several States."

Please note that the right to exercise of religion is not limited to a certain time or place; but, is not only allowed, but protected, under all situations and circumstances and is to not be limited by any agency, trust indentured, elected official, or any corporation or influence outside that of the individual;

New York Constitution Article 1 Section 11 Equal Protection of Laws; Discrimination in Civil Rights Prohibited

"No person shall be denied the equal protection of the laws of this state or any subdivision thereof. No person shall, because of race, color, creed or religion, be subjected to any discrimination in his or her civil rights by any other person or by any firm, corporation, or institution, or by the state or any agency or subdivision of the state."

Please note that equal protection of law describes equal rights and privileges of law and therefore makes null and void any attempt to cause harm personally or financially to any one of the People in the State of New York or any other State. As the unlawful mandate, and unlawful agreement between a corporation and a union disallowing basic rights of the People, violates equal protection of laws, it must be immediately withdrawn and removed from any possibility of further harm to me, one of the People;

Maxim's of Law- No man can forfeit another's right.

Please note that Common Law, upon which the United States Constitution and the New York State Constitution are based, was, and by the most recent reapproval of such, is, the law of the land and does in no way allow for or make excuse for any action that is repugnant to either Constitution;

Please note that the United States Supreme Court has repeatedly ruled in favor of rights found in the Constitution;

Miranda v. Arizona, 384U.S. 46 (1966) Supreme Court Decision “Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rule making or legislation which would abrogate them.”

Madison v. Marbury, 5 U.S. 137 (1803) Chief Justice John Marshall noted, “. . . A law repugnant to the Constitution is void, and that courts, as well as other departments, are bound by that instrument.”

Norton v Shelby County, 118 US 425 (1886) Supreme Court decision

"An unconstitutional act is not Law it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; affords no protection: it creates no office. It is, in legal contemplation, as inoperative as though it had never been passed."

Please note that there is to be no government intervention for any reason. The People must be secure in their liberties; no government agent, not Governor, legislature, judiciary, corporation or union may cause the forfeiture of the rights of the People;

Maxim’s of Law- No man can forfeit another’s right.

Please note that the present unlawful “mandates” disallowing the People’s inalienable and indefeasible rights to choose religious accommodation, based on strong religious convictions, is without merit and forms an unlawful precedent for further overreach of governmental agencies and corporation interference in the future. It is an attempt to disfranchise and diminish the status of We, the People, to accomplish an arbitrary end of questionable merit. We, the People, stand on our freedoms, liberties and rights to conduct our private lives according to our conscience and choices, without harassment, invasion of privacy or discrimination of any kind;

Maxim’s of Law- Whenever the interpretation of liberty is doubtful, the answer should be on the side of liberty.

Please note that there are Constitutional safeguards for the People and significant consequences for those who violate them. There are consequences for violating the inalienable right of the People;

42 U.S. Code § 1983. Civil Action for Deprivation of Rights.

“Every person who, **under color of any statute**, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or other person within the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the **deprivation of any rights**, privileges, or immunities **secured by the Constitution and laws**, shall be liable to the party injured in **an action at law, suit in equity**, or other proper proceeding for redress of grievance. . .” [Emphasis Added by Highlight]

Maxim of Law- Outward acts indicate inward intent.

Color of Law“The appearance or semblance, without substance, of legal right. **Misuse of power, possessed by virtue of state law and made possible only because wrongdoer is clothed with authority of state**, is action taken under “color of law.” (Blacks Law Dictionary 5th Edition) [Emphasis Added by Highlight]

Title 18, U.S.C SECTION 242 Color of Law

Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both;

Kentucky State Constitution Bill of Rights; Text of Section 2:

“Absolute and arbitrary power over the lives, liberty and property of freemen exists **nowhere** in a republic, not even in the largest majority.”

Please note that We, the People, acting on our Constitutional authority as the progeny of the creators and sustainers of the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of New York, do hereby demand immediate relief from all such mandates and restrictions upon our liberty interests and rights as We, the People. No agency, elected trustee, or entity has or will have authority to direct the private decisions of the People;

Please note that, if you believe that the People gave you power over their private affairs in any form, it is my wish for all parties, governmental, corporations, and unions, to immediately be investigated and restricted. The People’s rights must be protected from the unlawful activities of these entities in this state. The rights and liberty interests of all the People are to be respected. There will be a \$20,000,000 fine for each occurrence of any agent acting against Constitutional authority. For forcing this “regulation” on the People of New York or any other state, you agree to be personally bound for using authority not given in any Constitution and for not protecting the rights of one of the People as a government agent, corporation or entity;

Please take further notice that it is my will for you to respond to these matters within five (5 days) under the penalty of perjury, point by point. Failing to do so indicates and attests that you acquiesce and agree with all the above mentioned claims. A response not addressing each point will be considered a lack of response. You further agree that not responding with Constitutional Authority means that you agree that the words in this affidavit will be considered truth and law, and you agree to be bound by them and that any trespass done after receiving this notice is done with full knowledge, understanding, intent, and with malice.

I come to you peaceably trusting your actions will also reflect good intentions and honorable behavior.

Autograph

Date